DATE DISTR 1954 COUNTRY East Germany SUBJECT NO. OF PAGES Situation in the East German Railroads 1.1 PLACE ratije inkrij. CUSTED BELOW **ACQUIRED** 25X1A DATE OF SUPPLEMENT TO INFO. REPORT NO. 16. THE DOCUMENT CONTAINS THE GRANDOM AFFECTION THE RATIONAL DEFENSE OF THE UNITED SCATES, MYSHIS THE MEANING OF TITLE 19. SECTIONS 708 OF THE UNITED SCATES, MYSHIS THE MEANING DESCRIPTION OF THE U.S. GODS, AS ANISHODO. ITS TRANSMISSION OF TITLE AND THE UNITED SCATES OF THE U.S. SCA **的复数形式 医甲基基氏** of the united states, within the meaning of fittle 19. Sections for und 794, of the G. B. Code, as absenced. Its teamshissing of sevel ation of its countert as of second, by an unathornized passes I promibited by law. The heriographs of this form is problemed THIS IS NEVALUATED INFORMATION 25X1X

The Tollowing information was excepted from the report * , which was drawn up on 28 October 1953 by a commission of the East German Railroads Ministry charged what the mission of investigating the present situation of the East German railroad system as a basis for future investment policies:

a. Operations and Tollic.
The difficience of the mailtrend system and the fulfillment of tasks assigned to it in the Economic Plan depends:

- 1. on good planning based on rectinates of the expected village of traffic made jointly by producers, representatives of trade and operational representatives of trade and operational representatives of trade and operational representatives of the availability of well trained and qualified railroad personnel:
- 3. on the officient maintenance of rolling stock and availability of adequate
- of which permits high over-all speeds, and the possibility of enlarging the network of railroad lines if this should be necessitated by an ever-rising volume of traffic.

The following tabulation shows the traffic congestion in Central-Germany and thus the vulnerability of this district to disturbances:

Railroad Park of Opera- Number of Length of Through Ratio of Cars: Rm district tional Railroad Cars Loaded Main Tracks in km of Trackage Cars Berlin 15300 8200 2460 6,2 Cottbus 10100 6800 1250 8.1 Dresden 16400 10700 6.4 2570 12600 Erfurt 7050 2470 5,1 4449700 mithui Make # 15 17 Greifswald 44,00 3.5 Halle 26800 15900 13.6 1960

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Magdeburg	13800	8300	2400	5.8		
Schwerin	5600	31.50	1540	3.6		
Total:	105000	35000	15890	6,6	2	

Fersonnel.
The East German railroad system employs upward of 300,000 personnel.
Successful railroad operations depend on the reliability and skill of each individual milroad man. In this respect it must be stated that there is a critical shortage of young and efficient railroad employees. The majority of the locemotive engineers and the personnel engaged in the operational service are over 50 years old. The same applies to other important sections of the railroad administration. Still more critical is the shortage of higheranking qualified technical personnel. The table of organization of the East German Railroads envisages the employment of 1,175 graduate engineers and graduates from commercial academies. Actually however, only 133 employees with college education were available. As against 9,760 graduates from technical schools required, only 3,463 were available. The situation will probably described in the coming years.

c. Railroad Installations.

1. Smooth railroad operations depend on a well maintained permanent way. At present, the carrying capacity of lines is reduced.

by the existence of a large number of slow-down sections. The situation is illustrated by the following tabulation:

Year	Rail Breakages	Number of Slow-Down Soctions		or which Caused by Lefects in Permanent May	in Par-	Blocked Station Tracks
1949	357	15	· 36 52	245	6.7	37
1950	1300	3 8	3776	379	10,1	40
1951	2056	74	35 07	355	10,1	30
1952	3766	80	5549	634	11.2	10
1953 unti:	4204 1 1 October	204				

In the Halle railroad district alone which has the heaviest traffic in the zone there are 76 slow-down sections representing a total of 174 km of trackage. Disturbences occurring in this district affect operations in all the other East German railroad districts.

According to statistics drawn up for 1 Namuary 1953, the East German railroad net consisted of 28,826.46 km of trackage and 74,012 switch units. The trackage included 9,175.38 km of main lines, 8,599.84 km of secondary lines and 11,050.74 of station trackage. Of the switch units mentioned, 13,196 were installed on main lines, 9,702 on secondary lines, and 51,024 on station tracks. Of the tracks available on main and secondary lines, 37.8 percent were in good condition, while 62.2 percent were in fair or poor condition, thus requiring partial or complete replacement.

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As to the age of rails laid, approximately 4.18 percent were up to 10 years old, 36 percent from 10 to 20 years old, 27.12 percent from 20 to 30 and 32.7 percent upward of 30 years old. As to ties, the age of 4.4 percent of them was up to 10 years, 26.5 percent from 10 to 20 years, 42.5 percent from 20 to 30 years, and 26.6 parcent upward of 30 years. In the field of switches, the picture was as follows: 6,9 percent had an age of up to 10 years; 25.2 percent one from 10 to 20 years, 35.2 percent were from 20 to 30 years old, and 32.7 percent were older than 30 years. The principle of operational safety requires that rails of main lines be replaced after about 25 years. This implies the annual replacement of about 360 km of trackage, In order to make up for neglects in previous years, the replacement of 2,300 km of trackage was envisaged in the current five-year plan. This program requires the procurement of 230,000 tons of mils, 110,000 of small iron fittings, and 3.7 million ties. So far, only 112 km of tracks have been replaced; this means that the five-year program has been fulfilled only 4.9 percent. By 20 October 1953, the program set for the replacement of ties has been fulfilled 35 percent. The USSR promised to furnish the East German railroads 50,000 tons of mile. After 15 October, a total of 7,000 tens of rails arrived. Since the form of these rails deviates from German material, they cannot be used for the rejuvenation of existing lines and switches. It is therefore planned to use some of the rails delivered for the construction of new lines in 1953. An extensive replacement of rails still in 1953 is out of the question, because the interruption of traffic connected with an exchange of gails is ruled out by the peak traffic to be handled during the fall season. With the help of rail material furnished by the USSR, the East German Miristry of Railroads in 1954, will be in a position to mplace rails of continuous line sections and to reconstruct the second tracks on major lines. Nevertheless, it must be pointed out that requirements can only be filled from domestic production. 8

2. Railroad Bridges.

The relatively poor condition of the permanent way necessitated a reduction of the axle pressure permitted on lines and to impose speed limits. Conditions were worsened by defective bridges. Toward the end of the war, a total of 1,312 bridges were demolished. Inasmuch as these were on lines in operation, they have been reconstructed, 223 in a makeshift way so as to necessitate special speed limits. This had the effect that the number of 204 slowwhom sections mentioned above was increased by 162 slow sections on bridges. The physical status of bridges not damaged during the war detoriorated through imadequate maintenance works over many years. In the Dresden railroad district alone, there are 32 bridges which urgently require overheul. Owing to a general shortage of financial means, only 10 percent of the money required for repair work on bridges could be rade available by 1954. Some of the emergency bridges built consist of military steel bridge equipment which permits only speeds of up to 30 kmph. The critical situation in this field is indicated by the fact that the replacement of temporary structures by permanent bridges would require 12,000 tons of steel, For 1954, only 500 tons of steel are scheduled to be delivered. The total weight of railroad steel bridges in East Germany is 400,000 tons. Assuming an average useful life of 80 years, about 5,000 tons of steel are required annually,

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do Safety and Signal Installation.

At present there are in use, on the East German railroad net, 60 different systems of safety and signal installations. Of the approximately 3,800 automatic interlocking plants available, 2,260 are 30 to 60 years old and thus over-age. Electric interlocking plants available amount to about 520 of which 153 are of obsolete type and more than 30 years old. Of the 7,500 km of main tracks, only 6,200 are provided with section blocking. Because of a shortage of steel wire, about 139 advance starting and home signals are permanently set on warning position, which hampers smooth operations. All advance home signals are at present lighted by only one lamp instead of two. No station choose or only incomplete ones are available at 323 railroad stations. At 234 points, obsolete interlocking facilities operated manually by keys are used instead of machines interlocking plants. As long as this situation continues, it will not be jossible fully to utilize trackings available or trackage newly built.

Telecommunication Installations. The most important wears of controlling railroad operations is the railroad telephone system. Telephone cables laid by the East German Railroad include 4,725 km of cables for long-distance communications and 6,950 km for local communications. The lay-out of the telephone network reflects general conditions prevailing 20 to 30 years ago. Only few cables were laid after 1945. Minor quantities of used cables were utilized for the improvement of the existing reliroad telephone network, particularly in the Berlin erea. Of 146,000 overhead talepions lines, nore than 40 percent consist of wire circuits which are liable to corrosion. It has been determined by spot checks that they orten lost up to one third of their original thickness by rusting. Copper and bronze lines are in letter condition, although they also show signs of wear During the last 15 years, almost no replacement work was done on telephone liness. In one night of the winter of 1952/1953, there occurred as many as 500 line broakages in the Erfuht district alone. The increased volume of traffic to be handled by the East German Hallroads and the officiency of the recently introduced dispatcher system require the availability of a modern railroad telephone network, which it has not been possible to build up so far.

Investments. Railroad installations available in East Cormany were built on the basis of requirements of the all-Coronn economy, raice to 1945, the rain flow of freight traffic went from the south-east to the portionest. After two sparete Cermanys were got up and owing to the increased volume of trade between East Cormany on the one hand and the USSE and the satellite states on the other, trade now mainly flows from south to north. Of course, this development affects both the organizational set-up and the layout of technical installations of the East German railroad administration. In connection with this development, some of the previously secondary lines took on the status of main lines, and while large wershaling yards decreased in importance, formerly minor marshaling yards vers suddonly faced with a peak traffic. May centers of railroad activities sprung up above all in the Helle, Magdeburg, and Berlin areas as well as at the Baltic Sea ports. The development sketched necessitates major construction projects involving the reconstruction of second tracks, the building of rail links between lines, the improvement of existing lines, the reinforcement of the permanent way of pravious secondary lines, and the enlargement of railroad stations. Railroad requirements of large new industrial enterprises will also have to be token into account. Smooth railroad operations require the reconstruction of major railroad stations destroyed during the war such as Cottinus, Potsdam, Loipsig, Magdeburg edc. The plane substitted by the railroad administra-

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	tion for construction work to be executed in 1954 that the development of railroad traffic in the cwith grave concern. In view of the extensive railroad construction wor Bau Union (railroad construction enterprise) was construction firms in 1952. At present this Reich construction projects cosing 180 million eastmark planning caused the railroad construction enterprise industry. This led to an accumulation of railrobe executed in 1953, when 900 construction projects	oming year must be viewed rk required the Reichsbahn founded with four attached sbahn Bau Union could handle sper year. Insufficient lists to accept orders from road construction work to
f.	Wehicles. Both the rolling stock and the park of locomotives. Through extensive receir work it has been possible the number of operational freight cars and locomotives. Of the operational locomotives actual use, while 37 percent are in railroad show pair or maintenance work, the normal percentage of pair being 15 percent. A sizzable portion of the lives parked on railroad sidings are the property trations or are beyond repair. This situation is largely due to the fact that may are overage. Normally, steam locomotives were dead service. Nowever, at present 18 percent of the locycars, while another 45 percent have an age of up maining locomotives, about 800 units belong to the during the war and was designed for a useful life of it must be stated that 63 percent of all operation than 34 years. Vital component parts such as boild gears are worn out and require replacement. Since essential materials required for locomotive tires, tubings, boiler shoots, fire boxes, structures, tubings, boiler shoots, fire boxes, structured set have been in short supply for years, reted the uneconomic procedure of manufacturing the longs the time periods required for repair work are pair work required 5,000 man-hours. At present meeded for the same type of repair work, Another in the field of locomotives more complex is the ditives in operational use. At present there exist the several series, which makes maintenance work on locand offers many difficulties in the field of replacements are processed to the same type of 185 locomotives at full destrict real real real power station it has become particleation of some lines incentral Germany. At of ble to outply about 70 reconditioned electric locomotives between 1956 and 1960, adjoining lines in Saxony Magdeburg line, These Locomotives we had locomotives by another 120 electric locomotives and accomotives by another 120 electric locomotives and accomotives by another 120 electri	e continuously to increase tives to an adequate level. to the physical status of res, only 63 percent are in a for the performance of rest. I locomotives undergoing rest. 400 heavily damaged locomogof foreign railroad administrated after 25 years of comotives are older than 40 ward of 34 years. Of the rest level and constituted after 25 years of comotives are older than 40 ward of 34 years. Of the rest level, drive and connecting all locomotives are older ers, frames, running and drive repair work such as wheel was steel, drive and connecting allroad repair shops have stored parts themselves. This present unduly raises the cost of the performance of class L 4 more than 12,000 man-hours are factor making the situation liversity of models of locomomore than 30 such models with becomotives a difficult affair accement parts. In the reconstruction of the cossible to clan the re-electrosible to clan the re-electrosible to steam locomotives. In the leipzig-Halle-about 100 steam locomotives. In the leipzig-Halle-about 100 steam locomotives. In the leipzig-Halle-about 100 steam locomotives.

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A more extensive utilization of Diesel-engine locomotives is ruled out by a shortage of fuel. For this reason, Diesel-electric rail coaches will, in the coming years, probably be used only on feeder lines of an electrified railroad net and for a limited express coach service between major towns.

g. Freight Cars.

At present, the park of freight cars available to the East German relirond system amounts to 142,000 units expressed in two-axle freight cars. Of these, 13,000 freight cars belong to the park of heavily damaged equipment, about 16,000 operate abroad, while the park of operational freight cars amounts to about 106,000 units. 15

If put to proper use and maintained sufficiently, the park of freight cars available would be adequate for the volume of traffic expected in 1953.

However, due to the fact that many of the freight cars are over-ago, the load capacity of a sizable of cars had to be reduced. Moreover, much transportation space is list because times between spairs are too short.

As to the lifetime of freight cars the picture is as follows:

34,760 cars, i.e. 27.2 percent, of the total are up to 20 years old,

48,430 cars, i.e. 38.2 percent are from 20 to 40 years old,

43,370 cars, i.e. 34.6 percent are from 40 to 62 years old.

The average life of freight cars is 34 years; in 1940, cars ware seneduled to be deactivated when they were 27 years old, Even if the useful life

of freight cars were advanced to 40 pairs, 43,370 units would now be ready for deactivation. In view of the limited production of new cars, a total of only 29,100 units are scheduled to be deactivated annually. Maintenance work on rolling stock has been neglected and only a fraction of the spare parts required was delivered. Above all, there was a critical shortage of profile wheel sets, traction and buffer gear and bearing springs.

Some of the accidents which occurred during sharing springs.

Some of the accidents which occurred during sharing operations must be attributed to reduced resistibility of freight cars through excessive corrosion
of underframes and other iron units of the cars. Moreover, the poor physical
condition of the permanent way means an additional strain on rolling steck. Since
the railroad repair shops were delivered inadequate quantities of section iron
they were unable to cope with the damages caused by overage and poor maintenance

of cars. This situation requires a comprehensive program for the construction of modern freight cars and the delivery of adequate quantities of section iron and replacement parts.

The picture in the field of passenger cars is as follows:

Number of Passanger Cars Built prior to

1900	1910	1920	1930	1945	efter 1945.	Unknown
880	1420	2100	4400	1100	220	880
8 %	13 %	19 %	40 %	10 %	2 %	8 %

The average age of passenger cars available is 30 years, while the normal age at which passenger cars used to be deactivated is 35 years. For safety reasons it is imperative that equipment built before 1900 be deactivated or transferred to the park of railroad pervice cars. 16

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Moreover it appears indispensable that the cars built before 1920 be overhauled and that all the necessary measures be taken to keep them serviceable. However, the present situation can only be remedied by a large-scale construction of passenger cars. At present some of the passenger trains are occupied 160 percent on rated capacity.

h. Materials Supply.

Approximately 10 million tons of steel and iron are installed in milroad installations and the park of vehicles. Assuming that an average of three percent of this material becomes unusable every year, 300,000 tons of steel and iron products should annually be delivered to the East German railroad administration. However, even these minimum requirements have not been filled since about 1943. The situation prevailing in this field is illustrated by the following tabulation on steel requirements and actual deliveries:

Item	ments	e- Allocations n tons)	Actual Deli- veries	Percentage of Requirements Filled
Wheel tires	29257	2514,8	8950	32
Seamless tubing	12300	7915	5737	46
Fine rod steel	6935	5436	1430	21
Course rod steel	12148	10256	3040	25
Boiler plates	2500	2500	1052	42
Other plates	1965	3250	423	22
Commercial sheets	4947	4082	1849	38
Rolled copper produ	ets 2602	495	75.2	3
Gray castings	25000	24500	11742	48
NP 8-17 sections	5219	4 95 9	1220	24,
U/NP 18 sections	5555	4945	1420	26
Rails and accessori	es 123400	85000	35 333	29
Creosoted ties (in meters)	eubic 147700	97300	94989	64,

A serious problem remains the delivery of cables and electrical equipment to the Berlin elevated train system.

The elimination of technical bottlenecks and adequate maintenance of railroad installations and rolling stock requires increased allocations of raw materials in 1954, particularly in the first half of this year prior to the beginning of the peak traffic during the fall period.

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- Technical Research Work.

 The climination of many of the present shortcomings of the East German The climination of many of the present shortcomings of the East German railroad system will be possible only through an improvement of its technical efficiency. With this aim in view, the Technisches Amt (Technisches Cal Office) was founded as a may department of the Directorate General, Railroads, Berlin, in the summer of 1951. This office, which has been redesignated "Technisches Zentralant" (Central Technical Office) and which was directly assigned to one of the deputies of the Railroad Minister when the Ministry of Railroads was founded, is assigned the mission scientifically to investigate all problems involved in railroad operations and to coordinate all technical development work. To the greatest possible extent manual work is to be replaced by automatic facilities and the latest technical inventions are to be applied with a view to guarantee a maximum efficiency of all railroad installations and agencies.
- 2. Source who knew the railroad report, excerpts of which were given in paragraph 1 of the present report, furnished the following additional information:
 - a. The report involved was Grawn up by a special commission and will be used, after some minor modifications, as busis for a resolution of the Council of Ministers on budgetary and materials allocations to the East German Failroads between 1954 and 1960.
 - b. Materials required until 1960 include:

15,640 switch units, ties for 1,848 km of trackage, 700 km of rails, 184,669 km of trackage involving a total outlay of 1,166,000 Eastmarks, 18

The capacity of plants producing reinforced concrete ties is to be increased to an annual cutput of 200,000 units. A total of 20,000 tons of small iron fittings is scheduled to be manufactured at an iron work in Branderbisdorf. Plants for the manufacture of 300,000 wooden ties per year are scheduled to be set up by 1 May 1954. The milroad shop at Whelknitz is again to be converted to the processing and creosoting of ties. A sum of 1,700,000 eastmarks is scheduled to be spent on research work in the field of railroad safety and signal installations. A total of about 1,100 steam locomotives is to be manufactured in East Germany by 1960; the production is to be started in 1954 with 16 locomotives including 6 standard-gauge locomotives. 19 In 1954, the copper fire boxes of 550 locomotives are to be replaced by steel ones. By 1955, the plants at Hennigsdorf and Babelsberg are to reach an annual output of 100 locomotives which is scheduled to be doubled in 1956.

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25X1A _{1.}	Comment. This comprehensive report, which was drawn up by a special commission as a basis for railroad improvement and construction plans for the
·	commission as a basis for rallroad improvement and come at the provenience
	period from 1954 to 1960, luranshes an intermediate opinion which this office on the the East Gorman railroad system. It confirms the opinion which this office on the
	the East German railroad system, it committee the optimion with the foot Comme
	a a distribution of the contestion into the contestion into the contestion into the contestion in the
	Reichsbahn, a plight which is mainly caused by inadequate equipment and funds.
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	only thirded the Foot Carmen milroad system. In view of the
	the present carrying capacity of the East German milroad system. In view of the
	nate of advantage with the property of the control
	purchase, from the USSI, of 40,000 German freight cars, 185 electrical locomotives
	purchase, from the user, or Louve definite along the delivery
	purchase, from the railroad power station at Muldenstein as well as the delivery

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	to be double-tracked: Halle - Koethen	a constant of the state	The performs the States [180]	
	Leipzig - Grosskorbetha			
	Dessau Wolfen			
25X1A	Schoenebeck on the - Calbe on the Saal Elbe River	e River		
7	Stassfurt - Gueston		,	
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25X1A	amounted to 296,300 persons; on 1 January 1 a total of 25,000 persons.	orce of the 1 953 the Rei	Rast German Railroads chsbahn Bau Union employed	i .
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	on East German railroad lines as contained	in	o o	25X1A
25Xƒ,A[Comment. According to another source 11 January 1953, included 7,224 km of stands condary lines, and 1,352 km of narrow-gauge	ard-enime me	erman railroad net, as of in lines. 7,286 km of se-	25X1A
25 X IA	Comment. According to another source,	the status	of the permanent way, in	
25X1A	15.4 percent of the tracks required minor more 20.2 percent required major maintenance work 38.3 percent required thorough reconditioning 26.1 percent required a replacement of reils	t; ig and hereli		
	Comment. This agrees with East German 50,000 tons of new rails, the equivalent of to be delivered by the USSE. The first mail border in Frankfurt/Oder.	500 tm of te	E-Enhades and appoint	
25 % 1A[Comment. The only rolling mill for rai	ls available alfeld, This	in Root Commons to the	
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	makes possible of the bridge presenting a trackage, we reserve on the	e the rapid co s are scrowed total length o re in use. Mil	onstruction of together. As of 2,000 meter litary bridge ed 180 meters	bridges. of 1 June s, includi: equipment of comple	equipment of st The different 1953, 25 such of 289 meters of of this type w to single-track	components bridges re- of double- which was in	25X1A
25X1A 11. [25X1A [Comment evised in the	. The 1954 re	. It i	s bolieva		tted previously	
		n Bau Union wa	ns established n 1 January 19	on 1 Jul; 53, this	y 1952. enterprise had	a workforce of	
25X1A	about 25,000	persons.			a		
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		Euroer of	Locorotives				i i
	Serviceable	Under Repair 1	of lotalyPark of Lional Locomot		Park of Damaged Locomotives	l Total	: :
State-owned	3206	2.773.	4977		481	5458	
Column	295	78	373		W.5	3 73	
Foreign-owne	d 27	18	45		832	877	
Narrow-gauge	144	79	223		3	226	
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		Type of Car	<u>Ayailabl</u>	<u>Number</u> s Serviceabl	of Cers e Under Repai	r Heavily Damaged	Same and advance of the same o
		Express train coaches	682	457	1.27	98	
		Fast train cars	253	199	44	10	
		Coaches	6473	5400	894	179	
		Sleeping cars	49	10	1.	38	
		Dining cars	5 2	13	c.a	39	
		Luggage vans	238 9	1767	390	232	
		Cars of the Berlin elevated train system	1308	1018		179	は高さいであること。 第27 本本語学 1975年
		Total:	11206	8864	1567	775	
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